monthly rent and estimated average monthly utility costs that do not exceed the greater of:

- (A) The tenant's monthly rent before the execution of the agreement and estimated average monthly utility costs; or
- (B) Thirty percent of gross household income.
- (C) For projects assisted under subpart H of this part, the amount cannot exceed the greater of the tenant's monthly rent before the "initiation of negotiations" and estimated average monthly utility costs; or (if the tenant is low-income) the total tenant payment, as determined under 24 CFR 813.107, or (if the tenant is not low-income) 30 percent of gross household income; or
- (iv) A tenant-occupant of a dwelling, who is required to relocate temporarily, but does not return to the building/complex, if either:
- (A) The tenant is not offered payment for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the temporary relocation; or
- (B) Other conditions of the temporary relocation are not reasonable;
- (v) A tenant-occupant of a dwelling who moves from the building/complex permanently after he or she has been required to move to another dwelling unit in the building/complex, if either:
- (A) The tenant is not offered reimbursement for all reasonable out-ofpocket expenses incurred in connection with the move; or
- (B) Other conditions of the move are not reasonable.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (g)(1) of this section, a person does not qualify as a displaced person (and is not eligible for relocation assistance under the URA or this section), if:
- (i) The person has been evicted for serious or repeated violation of the terms and conditions of the lease or occupancy agreement, violation of applicable Federal, State, or local law, or other good cause, and the HA determines that the eviction was not undertaken for the purpose of evading the obligation to provide relocation assistance:

- (ii) The person moved into the property after the submission of the preliminary proposal (or application, if there is no preliminary proposal), and before signing a lease and commencing occupancy, received written notice of the project and its possible impact on the person (e.g., the person may be displaced, temporarily relocated, or suffer a rent increase) and the fact that the person would not qualify as a displaced person (or for any assistance provided under this section) as a result of the project;
- (iii) The person is ineligible under 49 CFR 24.2(g)(2); or
- (iv) HUD determines that the person was not displaced as a direct result of acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition for the project.
- (3) The HA may request, at any time, HUD's determination of whether a displacement is or would be covered by this section.
- (h) Definition of initiation of negotiations. For purposes of determining the formula for computing the replacement housing assistance to be provided to a residential tenant displaced as a direct result of private-owner rehabilitation or demolition of the real property, the term initiation of negotiations means the execution of the Agreement between the owner and the HA.

(Approved by Office of Management and Budget under OMB control number 2506–0121).

[61 FR 48056, Sept. 11, 1996]

$\S 882.407$ Other Federal requirements.

- (a) Participation in this Program requires compliance with the Equal Opportunity requirements specified in §882.111 and the Age Discrimination Act of 1975. Also, the PHA must comply with HUD's equal opportunity application and operation requirements.
- (b) Additionally, in selecting among proposals the PHA must take into consideration compliance with the following:
- (1) Executive Order 11988, Floodplains Management;
- (2) Executive Order 11990, Protection of Wetlands;
- (3) National Historic Preservation Act (Pub. L. 89-665);
- (4) Archeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974; and

(5) Executive Order 11593 on Protection and Enhancement of the Cultural Environment.

If the PHA proposes to select a building which is on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places, the PHA must contact the HUD Field Office prior to approval to assure compliance with paragraphs (b) (3), (4), and (5) of this section.

- (c) The PHA and Owner must agree to comply with the requirements of the following, where applicable:
- (1) Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act:
- (2) Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973:
- (3) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (as implemented in 24 CFR part 8),
- (4) Executive Order 11246, Equal Employment Opportunity (for all construction contracts of over \$10,000);
- (5) Executive Order 11625, Prescribing Additional Arrangements for Developing and Coordinating a National Program for Minority Business Enterprise; and
- (6) The following labor standards provisions (for Agreements covering 9 or more assisted units):
- (i) Provisions of section 12 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 requiring payment of not less than the wages prevailing in the locality, as predetermined by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the Davis-Bacon Act, to all laborers and mechanics (other than volunteers under the conditions set out in 24 CFR part 70) who are employed in the rehabilitation of the project;
- (ii) Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act;
 - (iii) Copeland Act; and
- (iv) Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR part 5 and other implementing regulations.

[47 FR 34379, Aug. 9, 1982, as amended at 57 FR 14759, Apr. 22, 1992]

§882.408 Initial contract rents.

(a) Fair Market Rent limitation. The Fair Market Rent Schedule for Moderate Rehabilitation is 120 percent of the Existing Housing Fair Market Rent Schedule, except that the Fair Market Rent limitation applicable to single room occupancy housing is 75 percent of the Moderate Rehabilitation Fair

- Market Rent for a 0-bedroom unit. The initial Gross Rent for any Moderate Rehabilitation unit must not exceed the Moderate Rehabilitation Fair Market Rent applicable to the unit on the date that the Agreement is executed except by up to 10 percent as provided in paragraph (b) of this section. Additionally, to the extent provided in paragraph (d) of this section, the PHA may approve changes in the Contract Rent subsequent to execution of the Agreement which result in an initial Gross Rent which exceeds the Moderate Rehabilitation Fair Market Rent applicable to the unit by up to 20 percent.
- (b) Exception rents. With HUD Field Office approval, the PHA may approve initial Gross Rents which exceed the applicable Moderate Rehabilitation Fair Market Rents by up to 10 percent for all units of a given size in specified areas where HUD has determined that the rents for standard units suitable for the Existing Housing Program are more than 10 percent higher than the Existing Housing Fair Market Rents. The PHA must submit documentation demonstrating the necessity for such exception rents in the area to the HUD Field Office. In areas where HUD has approved the use of exception rents for 0-bedroom units, the single room occupancy housing exception rent will be 75 percent of the exception rent applicable to Moderate Rehabilitation 0-bedroom units.
- (c) Determination Initial Contract Rents. (1) The initial Contract Rent and base rent for each unit must be computed in accordance with HUD requirements. These amounts may be determined in accordance with paragraph (c)(2), or in accordance with an alternative method prescribed by HUD. However, the initial Contract Rent may in no event be more than—
- (i) The Moderate Rehabilitation Fair Market Rent or exception rent applicable to the unit on the date that the Agreement is executed, minus
- (ii) Any applicable allowance for utilities and other services attributable to the unit.
- (2) When the initial Contract Rent is computed under this paragraph, the rent will be equal to the base rent plus the monthly cost of a rehabilitation loan (but not more than the maximum